# **Progress Report**

# Tree Dominance from Remotely Sensed Data

A comparison of site trees derived from traditional and digital means, Project Code (i.e. CAFS.22.97)

Major Professor: Mark Kimsey - University of Idaho

CAFS Intern: Noel Daugherty - University of Idaho





## **Project Overview**

#### The objectives of this intern project are as follows:

- 1) Obtain multiple, high point-density datasets from photogrammetric and LiDAR remote sensing acquisitions across a variety of site and stand conditions, all paired with GPS stem-mapped forest plots, relative to three different US regions:
  - a) Pacific Northwest
  - b) Northern Rocky Mountains
  - c) Southeast;
- 2) Conduct accuracy assessments of remote sensing platforms to correctly identify dominant and co-dominant (crop trees) across varying stand development stages, stand densities, and species compositions
- 3) Evaluate differences in remote sensing platforms to detect and accurately measure tree crown metrics and their relationship to tree dominance
- 4) Evaluate the accuracy of remote sensing platforms to detect change in tree and stand growth over short temporal periods and varying site productivity types.





### **Current Progress**

- ✓ Tree Dominance as defined by Tree Height
- ✓ LiDAR data provided by Northwest Management
- ✓ Equipment Obtained



1. Use Individual tree processes available in LiDR



- 2. Create a remotely sensed dominant tree list as defined in step 1.
- Cruise stands to obtain a georeferenced dominant tree list using traditional methods.
- 4. Obtain additional high pulse density LiDAR (in process)
- 5. Create the additional LiDAR derived dominant tree list (similar to step 2)
- 6. Compare traditional and remotely sensed tree lists from step 2, 3 and 5.
- Draft Results





#### **Future Plans**

During Winter 2022/23, the LiDAR data sets will be analyzed and compared against each other.

The realistic timeframe for in situ data collection is Spring 2023. (Analysis will be completed shortly thereafter)

Once the topic of Tree dominance from remotely sensed data is completed, these additional topics will be addressed.

- 1. Assess implementation of growth and yield models with multitemporal remotely sensed data.
  - In discussion with the FBRI to determine the best approach to address this topic
- 2. Democratization of Forest Inventory Data
  - Assess the accessibility and ease-of-use of remotely sensed forest areas and the programs used to derive forest inventory metrics



