Continuing Project

Intraspecific Hydraulic Responses of Commercial Tree Seedlings to Nursery Drought Conditioning

CAFS.20.78

Andrew Nelson, University of Idaho Douglass Jacobs, Purdue University Carlos Gonzalez-Benecke, Oregon State University

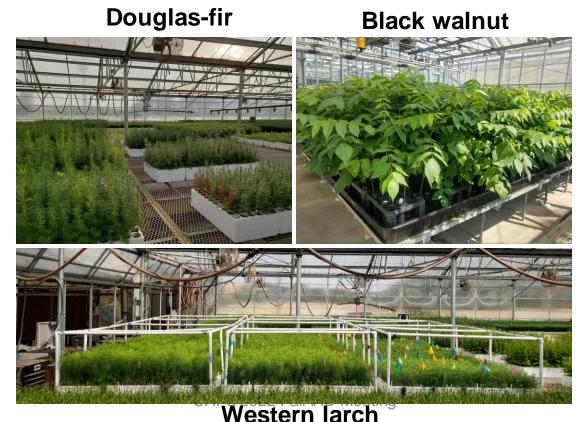
Presenter: Andrei Toca





Project Overview

Our **objective** is to examine seedling physiology and root system architecture in response to nursery-induced drought conditioning of coastal Douglas-fir, western larch, and black walnut seed sources across a range of maternal tree environments







Current Progress

Simulated outplanting

Controlled environment conditions

- Moisture
- Growing media
- Nutrient availability
- Temperature
- Light



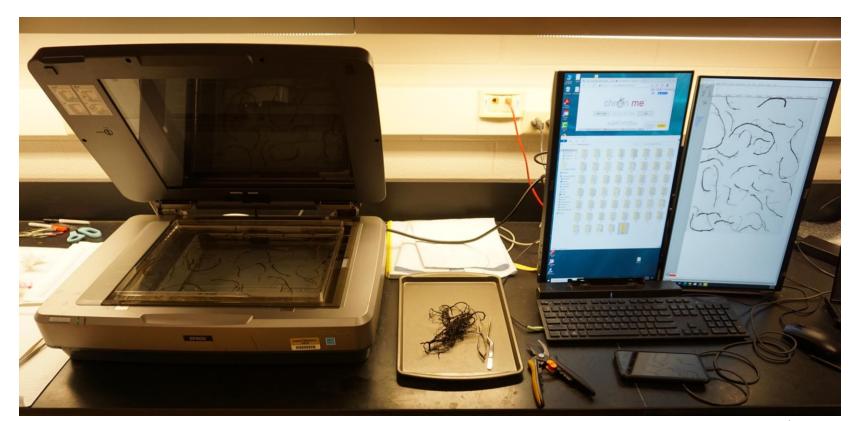




CAFS 2022 Fall IAB Meeting

Simulated outplanting

Current Progress



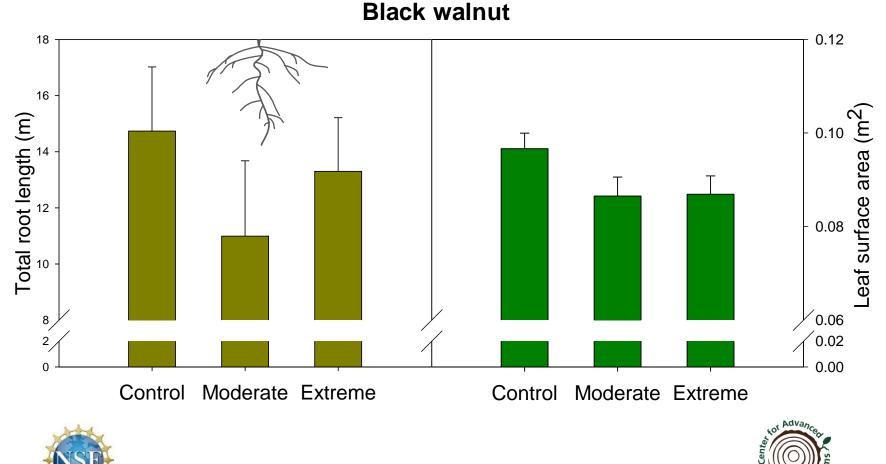




CAFS 2022 Fall IAB Meeting

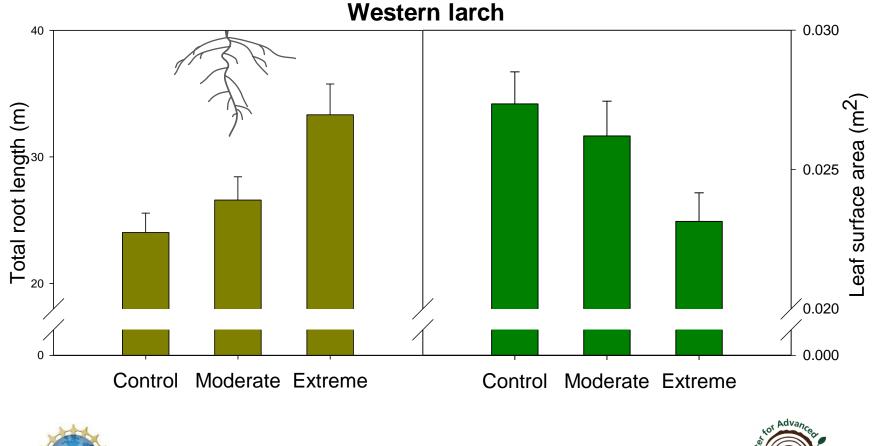
Current Progress

Black walnut seedlings grown under extreme drought preconditioning treatments developed a root system of similar length than with less leaf surface area.



Current Progress

Western larch seedlings grown under extreme drought preconditioning treatments developed a more extensive root system with less leaf surface area.





CAFS 2022 Fall IAB Meeting

Future Plans

- Data from Simulated outplanting experiment will help evaluate the effects of drought conditioning on the development of new roots and its cascading effects on seedling hydraulic conductance and photosynthetic rate of forest tree species
- Data from the three experiments: Outplanting, Simulated outplanting and Digital phenotyping through X-ray CT is currently being analyzed and the manuscripts are under development



