

Continuing Project

Assessing & Mapping Regional Variation in Site Productivity

CAFS.19.75

Investigators: Rachel Cook (NCSU), Cristian Montes (UGA), Aaron Weiskittel (UM), Jeff Hatten (OSU), Mark Coleman (UI), Doug Jacobs (Purdue), Mark Kimsey (UI), Doug Maguire (OSU), Kim Littke (UW)

Presented by:

Rachel Cook and Cristian Montes

North Carolina State University and University of Georgia

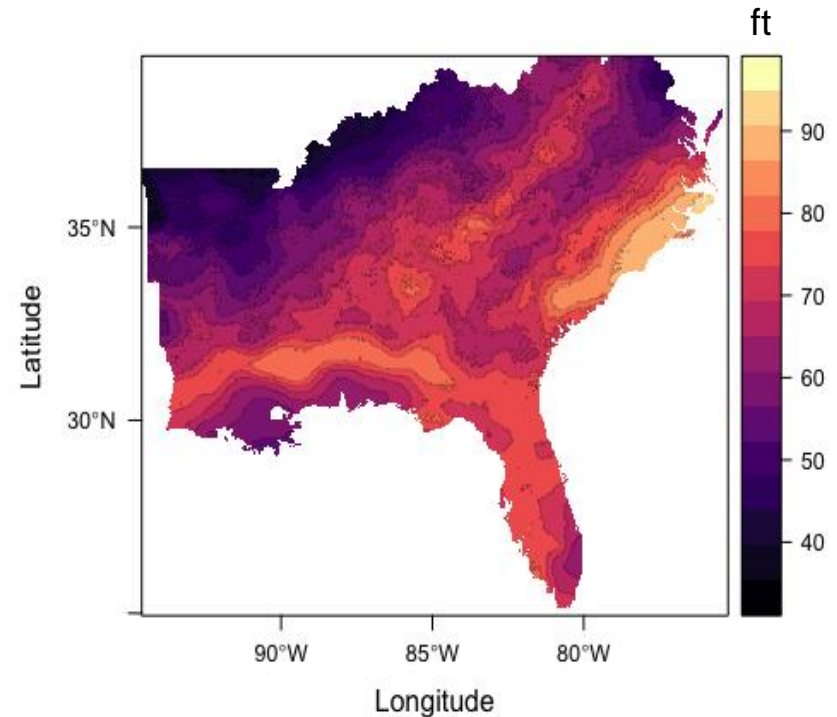


Objectives

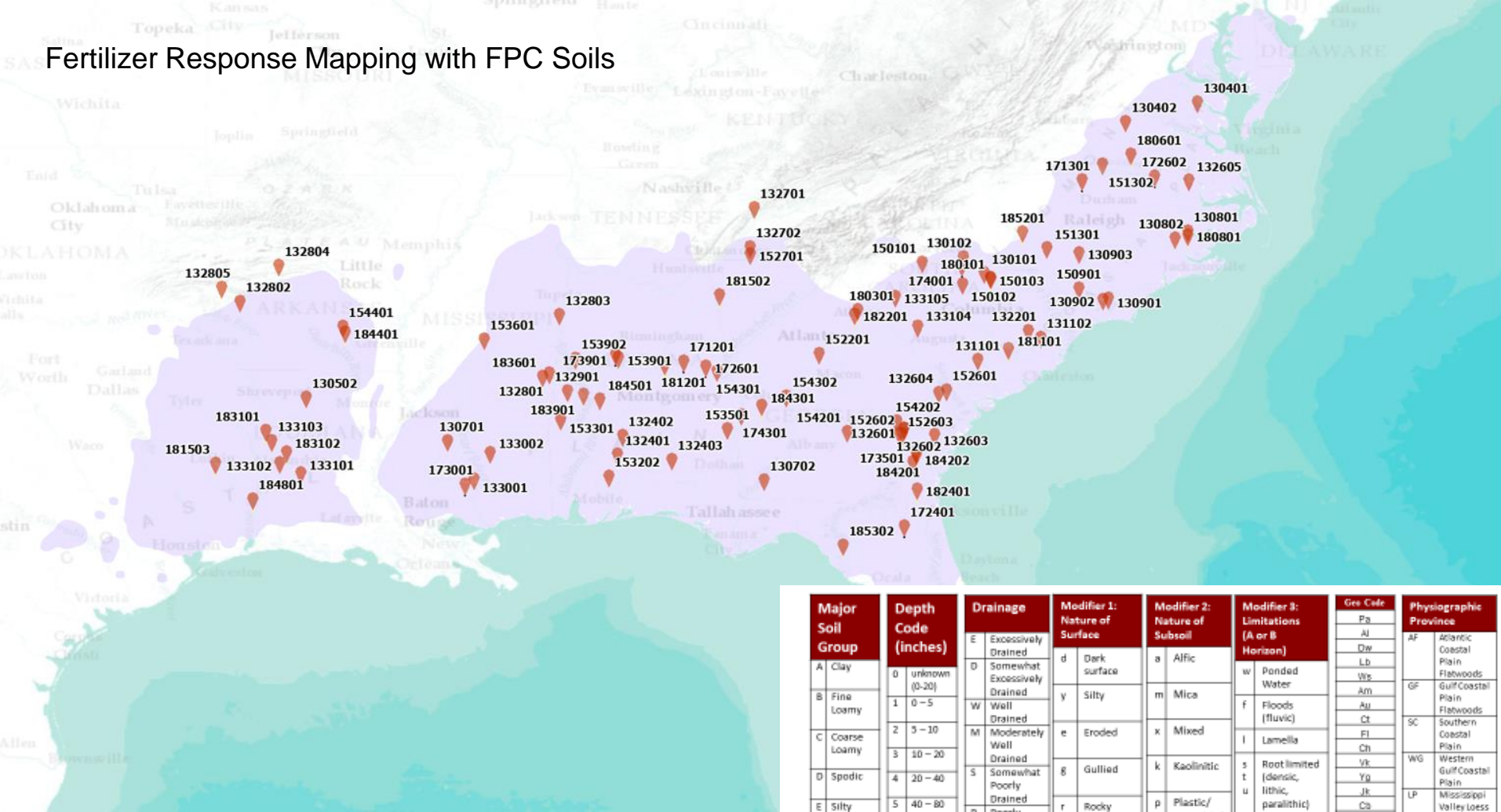
1. Develop a consistent and biologically meaningful metric of potential site productivity
2. Relate soils, geology, and environmental variables to predict site productivity
3. Map across major forest regions



What drives site productivity and how do we make predictions?



Fertilizer Response Mapping with FPC Soils



How well does the FPC Soil Classification system work for predicting site index?

Major Soil Group	Depth Code (inches)	Drainage	Modifier 1: Nature of Surface	Modifier 2: Nature of Subsoil	Modifier 3: Limitations (A or B Horizon)	Ge Code	Physiographic Province
A Clay	0 Unknown (0-20)	E Excessively Drained	d Dark surface	a Alfic	w Ponded Water	Pa	AF Atlantic Coastal Plain
		D Somewhat Excessively Drained	y Silty	m Mica	f Floods (fluvic)	Dw	
B Fine Loamy	1 0-5	W Well Drained	e Eroded	x Mixed	i Lamella	Lb	GF Gulf Coastal Plain
		M Moderately Well Drained	g Gullied	k Kaolinitic	s Root limited (clastic, lithic, paralithic) (<10, 10-20, 20-40 in)	Wx	
C Coarse Loamy	2 5-10	S Somewhat Poorly Drained	r Rocky	p Plastic/smectitic/vertic	u	Ct	SC Southern Coastal Plain
		P Poorly Drained	o Other or NA	i Siliceous (sandy)	v Root limited 40-80 in	Am	
D Spodic	3 10-20	V Very Poorly Drained			q Restrictions within 40 inches (fragic, cemented, plinthic)	Ch	WG Western Gulf Coastal Plain
						Jt	
E Silty	4 20-40					Yg	LP Louisiana Valley Loess Plain
						Cs	
F Deep Subsoil (Grossarenic, > 40 in)	5 40-80					Wx	BP Blackland Prairie
						Mg	
G Deep Sand (> 80 in)	6 None within 80 in					Eb	SH Sandhills
						Ba	
H Histosol/Organic						Av	PD Piedmont
						Sa	
						Cs	MT Mountains
						Ms	
						Es	AA Alluvium
						Lo	
						Gg	
						Le	
						Sn	
						St	
						Lm	
						Sc	
						Bg	
						Um	
						Sr	
						Mr	
						U	



Predicting Site Index with +/- 3 ft for Fertilized Plots

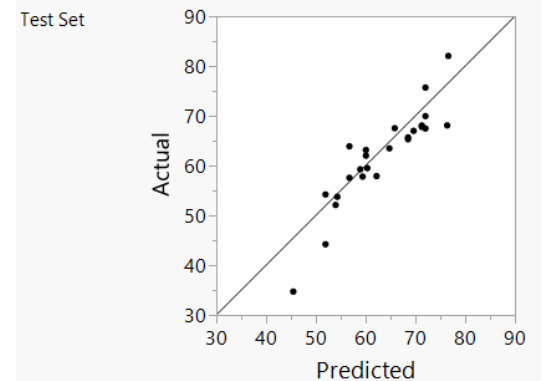
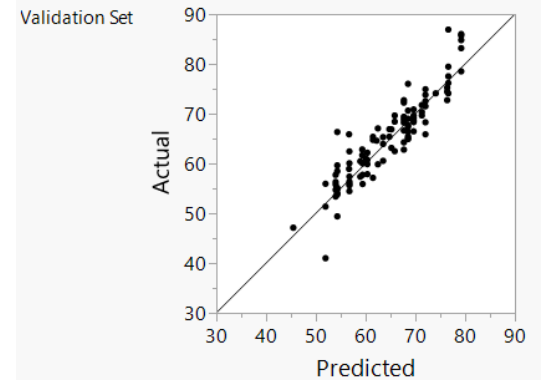
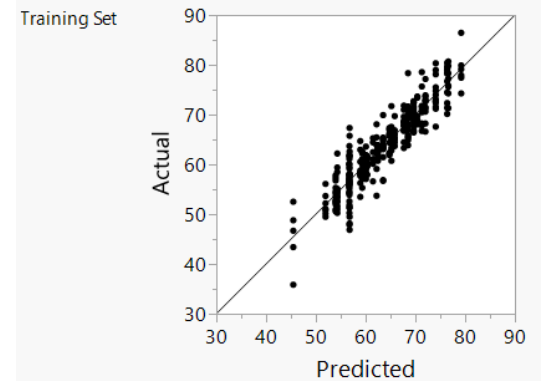
Term	Number of Splits	SS	Portion
fpc_geo	5	8774.12941	0.4712
fpc_depth	6	2876.09525	0.1545
fpc_drancode	3	2188.03917	0.1175
fpc_mjcode	6	1823.4357	0.0979
fpc_mod1	5	1499.99905	0.0806
fpc_mod2	3	1377.61909	0.0740
fpc_mod3	2	82.2072022	0.0044

Soils only

Term	Number of Splits	SS	Portion
fpc_geo	5	8500.13854	0.4541
fpc_depth	3	2673.46436	0.1428
fpc_mlra	3	2091.34628	0.1117
fpc_mod1	6	1860.43419	0.0994
fpc_mjcode	5	1498.48809	0.0801
fpc_drancode	5	1178.71816	0.0630
fpc_mod2	1	632.99817	0.0338
nrate	7	204.250379	0.0109
vegcntrl	1	54.9074802	0.0029
prate	1	14.2377007	0.0008
fpc_mod3	1	10.0963801	0.0005

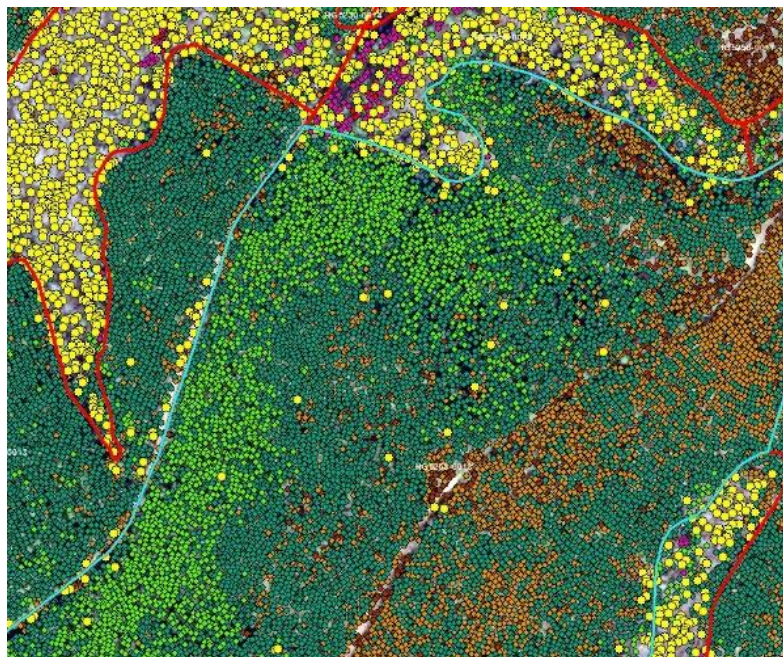
Soil+Silv

$$R^2 = 0.86$$



Site Index Mapping in Progress

- Operational cruise data and LiDAR to map SI ranges to soils



SI from LiDAR



SI from x,y coordinates



Operational Site Index and Soil Properties Predicts +/- 7 ft

Contribution of each to prediction

$R^2 = 0.34$

Term	Number of Splits	SS	Portion
geologic	2	188228.456	0.6307
physio_prov	4	45474.6465	0.1524
soil_mod_3	2	32628.9099	0.1093
soil_group	1	15435.7836	0.0517
§ fpc_geo	1	9694.45326	0.0325
drainage_class	1	6982.14189	0.0234
dept_code	0	0	0.0000
§ fpc_mjcode	0	0	0.0000

Trained on 50-110 ft SI, N+P fertilized, thinned, and with a mid rotation chemical application (4,894 observations)

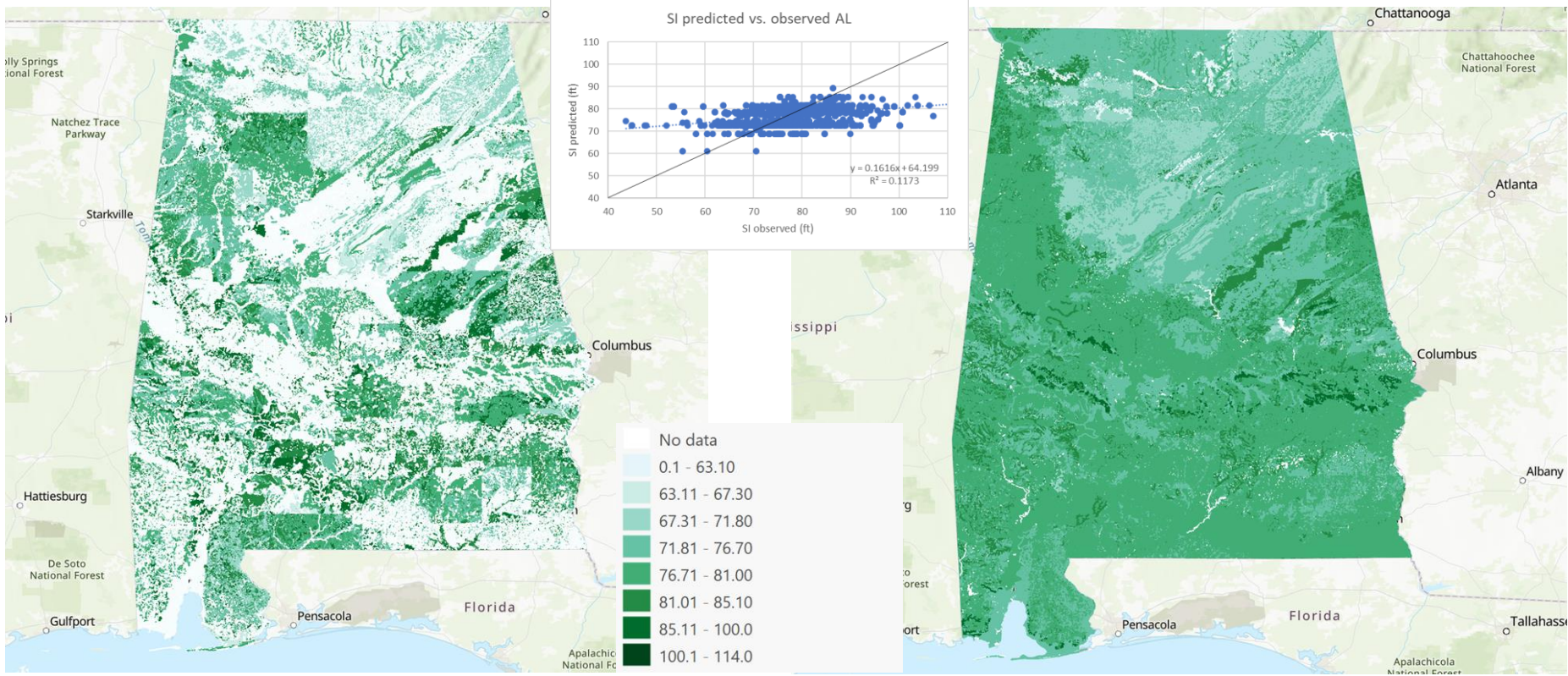


Site Index Mapping

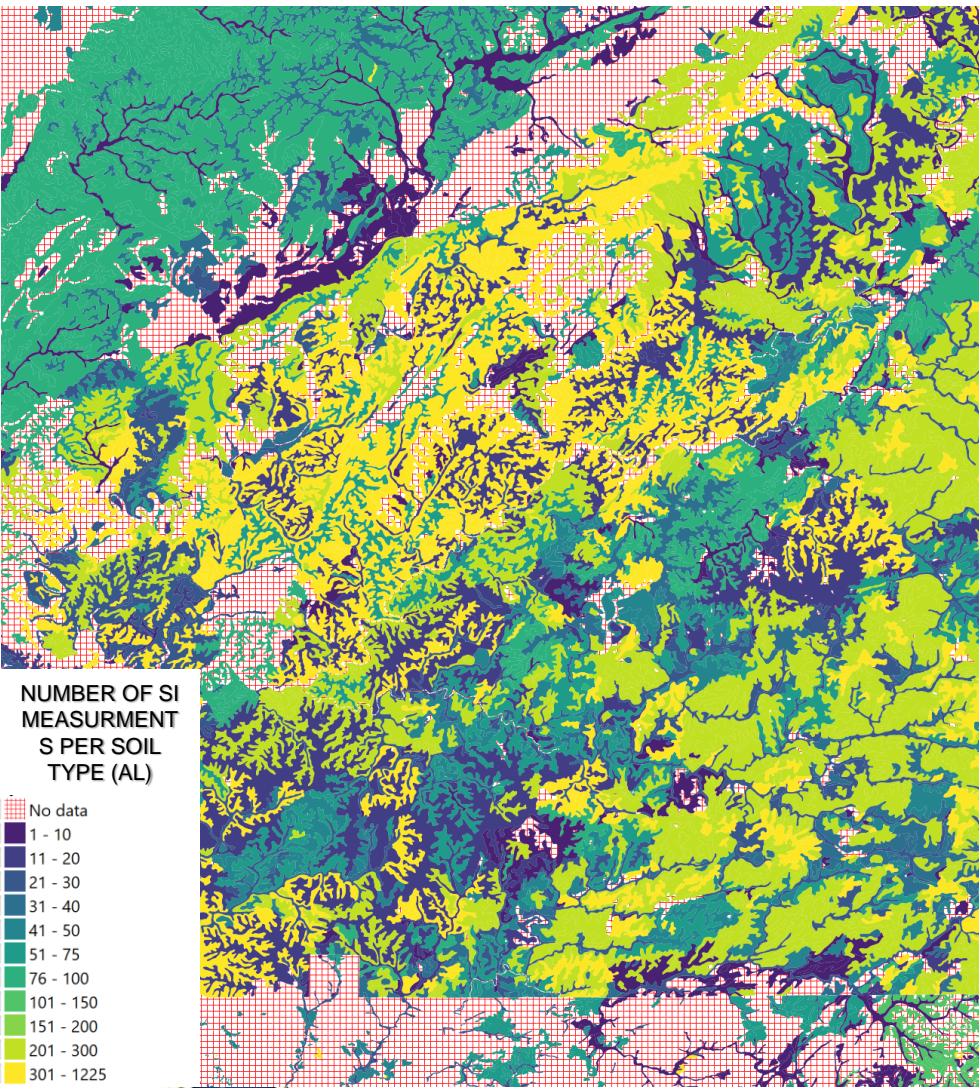
For ALL Stands +/- ~9ft
(13,622 observations, SI 50-110 ft, 10-35 yr old)

Observed

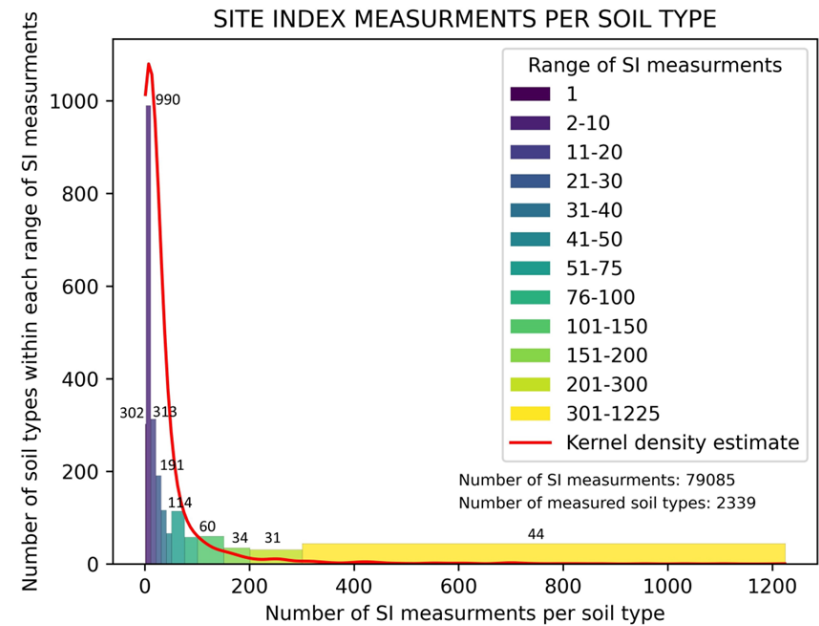
Predicted



Confidence map (number of observations) with each SI value



Will help us determine where we need more observations



Three-year Timeline - Updated

- ✓ Year 1 (2020): Data gathering and compilation of forest soil map units and available stand data
- ✓ Year 2-3 (2021-2022): Spatial modeling and model comparisons of site productivity and drivers

Year 4: Develop web-based interface of base and potential site productivity (additional funding from International Paper)

